

OPTOKON HMA¹ patchcord

Description:

The OPTOKON HMA optical modules are designed for connection of the nodes of tactical network by the help of cables with optical fibers. The used „Expanded beam technology“ preserves all advantages of signals transmission through the optical lines in field harsh environmental conditions.

Benefiting from expanded beam technology, with a long and proven industry track record, the precision optical alignment system creates immunity from water, mud, dust, oil and other contaminants.

The HMA Hermaphroditic coupling eliminates the need for adaptors and male and female mating halves. Hermaphroditic housings allow for rapid deployment, creating low loss Single mode, Multimode and Hybrid daisy chained links in a variety of planforms ranging from simplex fiber to a copper Hybrid. The OPTOKON HMA is ideally suited for environmental extremities where low maintenance and quick repairability is necessary, the connectors are uniquely field installable and rapidly field repairable.

There are two different types of OPTOKON HMA connection modules:

- LD type military tactical cable with OPTOKON HMA plugs at both sides
- Hybrid connection module OPTOKON HMA to standard fiber optic connectors (FC, SC, ST, LC, ...)

Features:

- Advanced expanded beam technology
- Hermaphroditic interconnection
- 1 to 8 Fiber channels Single mode or Multimode
- Rugged connector design
- Two versions
 - HMA plug tactical cable
 - HMA bulkhead hybrid cable



Military tactical cable terminated with the HMA plug

Application:

- Military communications
- Broadcast
- Industrial, Petrochemical



Tactical cable with HMA plug connectors coiled on SBD-200 drum.

HMA-J/LD4 S7A-JC-200

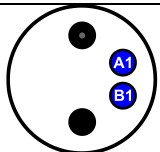
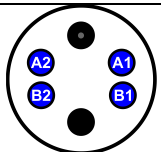
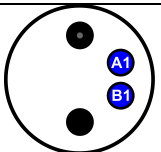
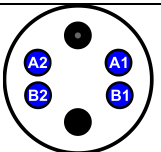
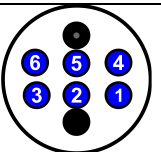
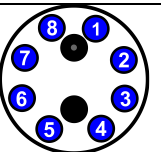
HMA-J connector specifications:

Insertion loss (typ.)	0.5 – 1.0 dB (MM) 0.8 – 1.8 dB (SM)
Return loss	>32 dB (SM)
Operating temperature	-55 to +85 °C
Storage temperature	-55 to +85 °C
Water immersion	up to 15 m depth, 24 hrs
Vibration Sinusoidal	10-500 Hz, 0.75 amplitude @ 10 g acceleration
Free fall resistance	500 falls onto concrete from 1.2 m height
Bump resistance	4000 bumps @ 40 g acceleration
Tensile Strength	Tensile of 1500 N cable dependent
Cable Variations	Compatible with tactical cable ¹ :

Cable with HMA and ST connector:
HMA-J-4xSL/LD4 OM2-0.5-002



Planforms:

HMA-J / HMA-M		HMA-S			
					
2 CH	4 CH	2 CH	4 CH	6 CH	8 CH

Ordering Code:

HMA-X(x) ⁵ – (NxAAA) ⁴		CCC FFF	- XX - (L2) - LLL
Connector type¹ Up to 4 fibers HMA-J Plug (J type) HMA-J-BN(B)³ Bulkhead jam-nut HMA-J-BF(B)³ Bulkhead flange HMA-M Plug (type mini) HMA-M-BN Bulkhead jam-nut HMA-M-BF Bulkhead flange ¹ HMA-M-BX Bulkhead flange ¹ Up to 8 fibers HMA-S Plug (S type) HMA-S-BN Bulkhead jam-nut HMA-S-BF Bulkhead flange		CCC – Cable type Tactical cable 2-8 fibers LD2-8⁸ LDAC4⁷ Armored cable 4 fibers D3⁸ Duplex 2.0×4.2 mm 20⁸ Cable Ø 2.0 mm FF – Fiber type OM1 MM 62.5/125 µm OM2-5 MM 50/125 µm S2D SM 9/125 µm (G.652D) S7A⁶ SM 9/125 µm (G.657A1)	Cable length L, L2 Length (m) Cable type P Pigtail JC jumper crossed ² JS jumper straight

Note: 1) Other type of rugged connector on demand

Detailed information concerning connectors: HMA-J: STR_02-08_EN-Connector_HMA-J
HMA-S: STR_03-08_EN-Connector_HMA-S
HMA-M: STR_01-12_EN-Connector_HMA-M

2) HMA cables: JC – standard, JS cable straight – on demand

Hybrid cable: HMA to single fiber connectors (FC, SC, ST, LC, ..): JS – standard

3) –BNB, -BFB boot version, more information refer to STR_02-08_EN-Connector_HMA-J

4) Hybrid cable – HMA to standard connectors (defined according to the CON_13-01_EN-ORD_CODE)

5) x –if cable configuration is different than planform configuration please use x=2, 4, 6 or 8 according to planform

6) S7A - G.657A1 standard, other on request

7) LDAC – armored flexible cable, on request

8) detailed cable specification: <https://www.optokonkable.com/index.php/download1>



Cable connection:

straight			cross		
Straight cable Connected pins			Cross cable Connected pins		
2 fibers connector	4 fibers connector	2 fibers	4 fibers	6 fibers	8 fibers
A1 – A1	A1 – A1	A1 – B1	A1 – B1	1 – 4	1 – 4
B1 – B1	A2 – A2	B1 – A1	A2 – B2	2 – 5	2 – 3
	B1 – B1		B1 – A1	3 – 6	3 – 2
	B2 – B2		B2 – A2	4 – 1	4 – 1
				5 – 2	5 – 8
				6 – 3	6 – 7
					7 – 6
					8 – 5